

Emergency Vehicle Operator

Lesson 2-3: Working Safely On and Around Apparatus



Student Performance Objective

 After completing this lesson, the student shall be able to identify safety considerations when working on and around emergency vehicles. In addition, students will be able to demonstrate skills in safely operating and driving an apparatus.

Overview Working Safely On and Around **Apparatus**

- Compartment Doors
 - Safety of the work environment can be improved by encouraging good practices with compartment doors.

Compartment doors must stay closed when not in use

- Open doors can cause injuries to people who accidentally walk into them
- Open horizontal doors can be mistaken for walking surface and be damaged

NEVER step on open compartment doors. They
do not support heavy weight. Falls can cause
serious injury or death.



 It may sometimes be necessary to climb or walk on parts of an apparatus that do not have railings.

Have second person present

Walk only on slip resistant surface

Maintain three points of contact to get off

Wear PPE according to local policy

 New apparatus must include positive restraints for all hoses carried on the apparatus.

All hoses secured to apparatus



Apparatus in motion

 WARNING: Secure hose and other equipment before placing vehicle in motion. Loose hose may drag behind vehicle and injure or kill.



 Aerial apparatus may carry the hose under the aerial ladder and have a chute that guides it out the back.

Ensure hose connections do not get caught in chute

Lay hose according to chute design

Check for obstructed couplings to avoid damage

Maintain speeds of 5 mph (10 km/h) or less

 Many departments store equipment in the cab or other crew areas.

SCBA packs
Helmets
Flashlights

Axes
Maps
Medical supplies

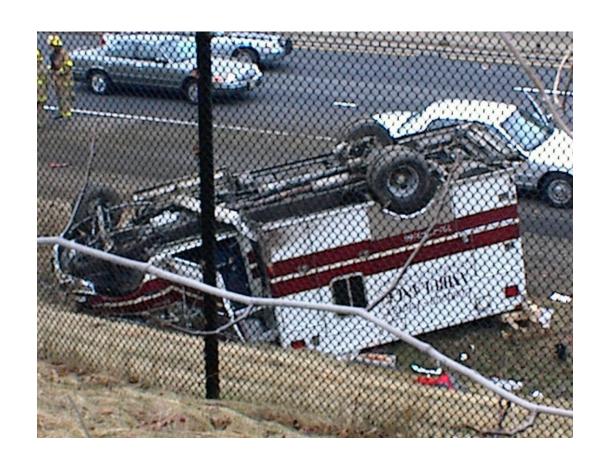
Secure in brackets or storage cabinet

Minimize equipment amount stored in crew areas

EQUIPMENT SECURITY PATIENT COMPARTMENT



- Lifepak
- Oxygen cylinders
- Aid bags
- Cot



 WARNING: Secure equipment in the crew areas before placing the vehicle in motion. Unsecured equipment may cause serious injury or death in a crash.





 Apparatus may have hydraulic components and tools that are potentially hazardous.

Know the types of hydraulic fluids

- Leaks may cause burns or injuries
 - Some may be toxic to human tissue
 - All are covered in the SDS/MSDS

Know the appropriate PPE to wear

Know your hydraulic extrication tools

 Driver/operators must take care when removing inlet and discharge caps.

Check for trapped pressure before removing caps

Open bleeder valve or drain valve

 Release trapped pressure

Remove cap

- Remove cap slowly and carefully
- No standing in front of cap

Student Performance Objective

 After completing this lesson, the student shall be able to identify safety considerations when working on and around emergency vehicles. In addition, students will be able to demonstrate skills in safely operating and driving an apparatus.

Review Working Safely on and Around Apparatus